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INDUSTRIAL INJURIES DISABLEMENT BENEFIT STATISTICS – Quarter ending March 2002

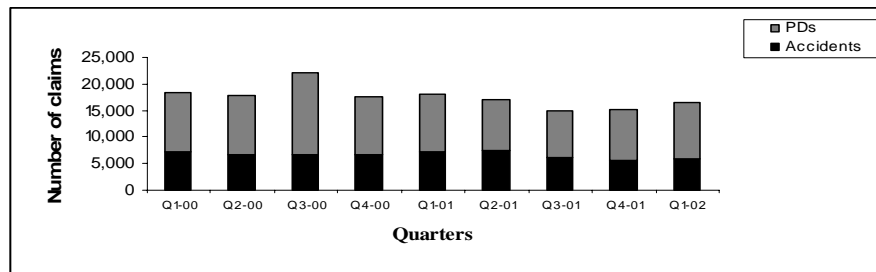
The Industrial Injuries Disablement Benefit (IIDB) Statistics, quarter ending March 2002, are published today via this First Release. This report provides information on new claims and first diagnoses of prescribed diseases in Great Britain and overseas in the first quarter of 2002.

The statistics provide analyses of the characteristics of the IIDB new claims and first diagnosed disease assessments. The types of analysis include age, percentage disablement and occupational groupings.

Main findings:

- New claims have been fairly steady at around 15 to 18 thousand per quarter over the last two years with an upward blip to 22 thousand in quarter 3 2000, caused by an increase in claims to Vibration White Finger (A11), following interest from mining groups and DTI.
- The main characteristics have been steady for the last two years:
 - About 40% of claims are for accidents and the remainder for prescribed diseases.
 - Overall, it is estimated that about 25% of claims are successful.
 - Most prescribed disease assessments are made for people associated with the mining and manufacturing industries.
 - Most assessments are for men outside the southern regions of England, reflecting Britain's industrial heritage and past employment patterns.
- There were 16,400 new claims to IIDB in quarter 1 2002. This was 9% lower than in the same quarter in 2001, most of the fall being due to fewer claims for Vibration White Finger and for accidents.

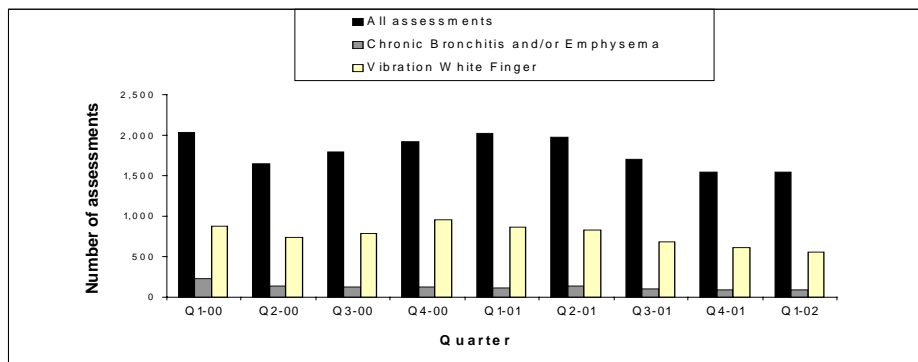
New claims to IIDB:



Source: 10% sample of IIDB claims in Great Britain and overseas.

- The number of newly diagnosed prescribed diseases in quarter 1 2002 was 1,540, down 24% on the previous year; again this was mainly as a result of fewer Vibration White Finger diagnoses, although it was the most common prescribed disease assessed in quarter 1 2002, representing 36% of all assessments.

Newly diagnosed prescribed diseases:



Source: 100% count of IIDB newly diagnosed prescribed diseases in Great Britain and overseas.

NOTES TO EDITORS

Background to the Industrial Injuries Scheme

The Industrial Injuries Scheme provides non-contributory, no-fault benefits for disablement caused by accidents at work or one of the listed prescribed industrial diseases known to be a risk of occupation. The scheme covers employed earners as defined for National Insurance (NI) purposes.

To get IIDB a person needs to have suffered a disablement as a result of an industrial accident or prescribed disease. Normally a person's disablement has to be assessed at 14% or more to receive benefit, except for certain respiratory diseases which require a 1% assessment and occupational deafness which requires a 20% assessment. An assessment of less than 14% may become payable if it can be added to other assessment(s) to form an aggregate pension of at least 14% in total.

A "prescribed disease" is an industrial disease prescribed by regulations to be included in the industrial injuries benefit scheme.

Information source

The source of the quarterly and annual data is the Department for Work and Pensions local disablement benefit offices, which provide data on IIDB claims and first diagnoses on prescribed disease assessments.

Quarterly claims data and annual assessment data are taken from a 10% sample of all IIDB claims and assessments for accidents and prescribed diseases, while quarterly first diagnosis data, for prescribed diseases only, are based on 100% data. The number of first assessments, in the quarter, are not necessarily those made on the claims received over the same period. There will be a large number of assessments made on claims received in the previous quarter(s), and similarly a large number of claims received that will not be assessed until subsequent quarters. However, the data provides an indication of the relationship between the number of claims made and the number of successful assessments. We estimate around a quarter of all claims are successful.

Most IIDB claims for prescribed diseases prove to be unsuccessful because either they fail the prescription conditions or claimants are not diagnosed on examination. There can be a considerable delay from the time of claim to the diagnosis and subsequent benefit assessment.

Data are collected on a monthly basis, for both claims and first diagnosed assessments.

Further information

More detailed tables, relating to prescribed diseases, are available on request from the contact point below.

To obtain copies contact:

Electronic copies and additional analyses - Sandra Cartner: 0191-225-7998

Paper copies: ASD Secretariat: 0207-962-8192

Industrial Injuries Disablement Benefit

Quarterly Summary of Statistics on New Claims (Accidents and Prescribed Diseases) and First Diagnoses (Prescribed Diseases Only)

Quarter ending March 2002

DWP Department for
Work and Pensions

Information Centre, Analytical Services Directorate

Contents	Page
Section 1 - New Claims:	
Summary tables of new claims	2
Summary charts of new claims	3
Government Office Region.....	4
Area Directorate	5
Section 2 - Prescribed Disease assessments, first diagnosed:	
Summary tables of first diagnosed assessments	6
Prescribed disease chart.....	7
Percentage assessment and sex.....	8
Disease and sex.....	9
Age and sex	10
Occupation and sex	11
Occupation and disease.....	12
Sampling error:	
For new claims tables	13
List of prescribed diseases	14
Conventions:	

	In order to maintain the anonymity of claimants, all 100% figures have been rounded to the nearest 5. Totals may not add due to rounding.
-	Nil or Negligible
*	Figures under 200 marked* are subject to a high degree of sampling error and should only be used as a guide to the correct situation.
.	Not applicable
Q1	1 st January to 31 st March
Q2	1 st April to 30 th June
Q3	1 st July to 30 th September
Q4	1 st October to 31 st December
AD	Area Directorate
GOR	Government Office Region
PD	Prescribed Disease

Table 1.1: New claims summary: March 2000 to March 2002
Thousands

Quarters	Total	Accidents	PDs	A8	A10	A11	A12	D1	D3	D9	D12	Others
Q1-00	18.3	7.3	11.1	0.4	1.1	4.9	0.6	0.9	0.2*	0.1*	1.8	1.0
Q2-00	17.7	6.6	11.1	0.3	1.0	5.1	0.6	0.9	0.2*	0.2*	2.0	0.9
Q3-00	22.1	6.6	15.5	0.3	1.1	8.8	0.8	1.3	0.2	0.2	1.9	0.9
Q4-00	17.6	6.5	11.1	0.3	1.1	4.9	0.7	1.2	0.3	0.2	1.5	0.9
Q1-01	18.0	7.1	11.0	0.3	1.0	4.3	0.8	1.4	0.2	0.2	1.6	1.0
Q2-01	17.0	7.3	9.7	0.3	1.0	3.8	0.8	1.4	0.3	0.3	1.2	0.8
Q3-01	14.8	6.0	8.8	0.2	0.9	3.4	0.5	1.2	0.3	0.4	1.0	0.9
Q4-01	15.2	5.7	9.5	0.3	1.0	3.3	0.6	1.7	0.3	0.6	1.0	0.8
Q1-02	16.4	5.9	10.5	0.3	0.9	3.6	0.8	2.3	0.3	0.4	1.2	0.8

Percentage

Quarters	Total	Accidents	PDs	A8	A10	A11	A12	D1	D3	D9	D12	Others
Q1-00	100	40	60	2	6	27	3	5	1	2	10	5
Q2-00	100	37	63	2	6	29	4	5	1	3	11	5
Q3-00	100	30	70	1	5	40	4	6	1	3	8	4
Q4-00	100	37	63	2	6	28	4	7	2	3	9	5
Q1-01	100	39	61	2	6	24	4	8	1	3	9	5
Q2-01	100	43	57	2	6	22	4	8	2	4	7	5
Q3-01	100	41	59	1	6	23	3	8	2	6	7	6
Q4-01	100	38	62	2	7	21	4	11	2	11	7	5
Q1-02	100	36	64	2	6	22	5	14	2	6	7	5

Thousands

Quarters	All Regions	North East	North West	Yorkshire & Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East London	South East	South West	Wales	Scotland	Overseas	
Q1-00	18.3	1.8	2.3	4.0	2.2	1.6	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.9	1.8	2.0	-
Q2-00	17.7	1.9	2.0	4.0	2.0	1.6	0.7	0.1*	0.7	0.8	1.8	2.2	-
Q3-00	22.1	2.8	2.7	5.5	1.5	2.4	1.0	-	0.8	0.5	2.7	2.3	-
Q4-00	17.6	2.1	2.4	3.3	2.4	1.3	0.5	0.3	0.9	0.9	1.6	2.0	0.1*
Q1-01	18.0	1.9	2.4	3.1	2.7	1.5	0.4	0.3	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.7	-
Q2-01	17.0	1.9	2.4	2.8	2.1	1.4	0.5	0.3	1.0	0.9	1.5	2.3	-
Q3-01	14.8	1.5	2.1	2.4	2.0	1.1	0.4	0.3	1.0	0.8	1.4	1.8	0.1*
Q4-01	15.2	1.9	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.1	0.3	0.3	0.8	1.2	1.5	2.1	-
Q1-02	16.4	1.8	1.9	2.8	1.9	1.5	0.3	0.3	1.0	1.1	1.9	1.9	0.1*

Percentage

Quarters	All Regions	North East	North West	Yorkshire & Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East London	South East	South West	Wales	Scotland	Overseas	
Q1-00	100	10	13	22	12	9	3	2	4	5	10	11	.
Q2-00	100	10	11	22	11	9	4	1	4	4	10	13	.
Q3-00	100	13	12	25	7	11	5	-	3	2	12	10	.
Q4-00	100	12	13	19	13	7	3	2	5	5	9	11	.
Q1-01	100	11	13	17	15	9	2	1	5	6	10	10	.
Q2-01	100	11	14	17	13	8	3	2	6	5	9	13	.
Q3-01	100	10	14	16	13	7	3	2	7	5	10	12	.
Q4-01	100	13	15	14	11	7	2	2	5	8	10	14	.
Q1-02	100	11	11	17	11	9	2	2	6	7	11	12	.

Based on 10% Sample
PD Code

A8	Synovial inflammation	D1	Pneumoconiosis
A10	Occupational deafness	D3	Diffuse mesothelioma
A11	Vibration white finger	D9	Unilateral or bilateral diffuse pleural thickening
A12	Carpal tunnel syndrome	D12	Bronchitis and emphysema

Chart 1.2A: New claims

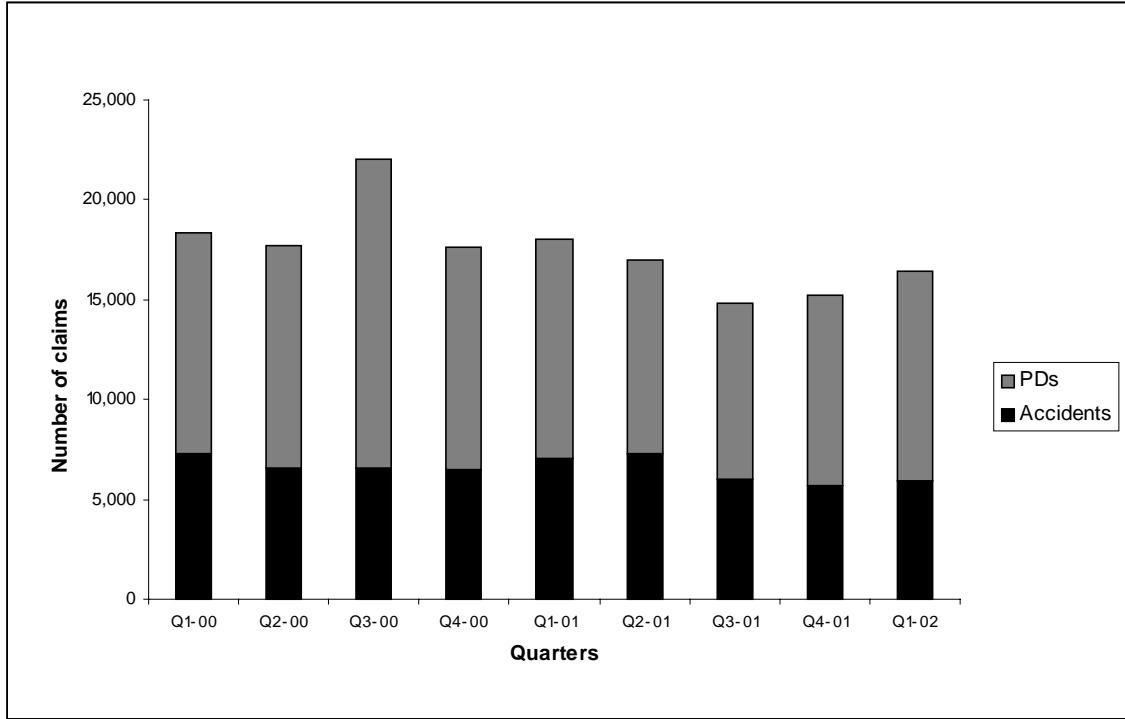
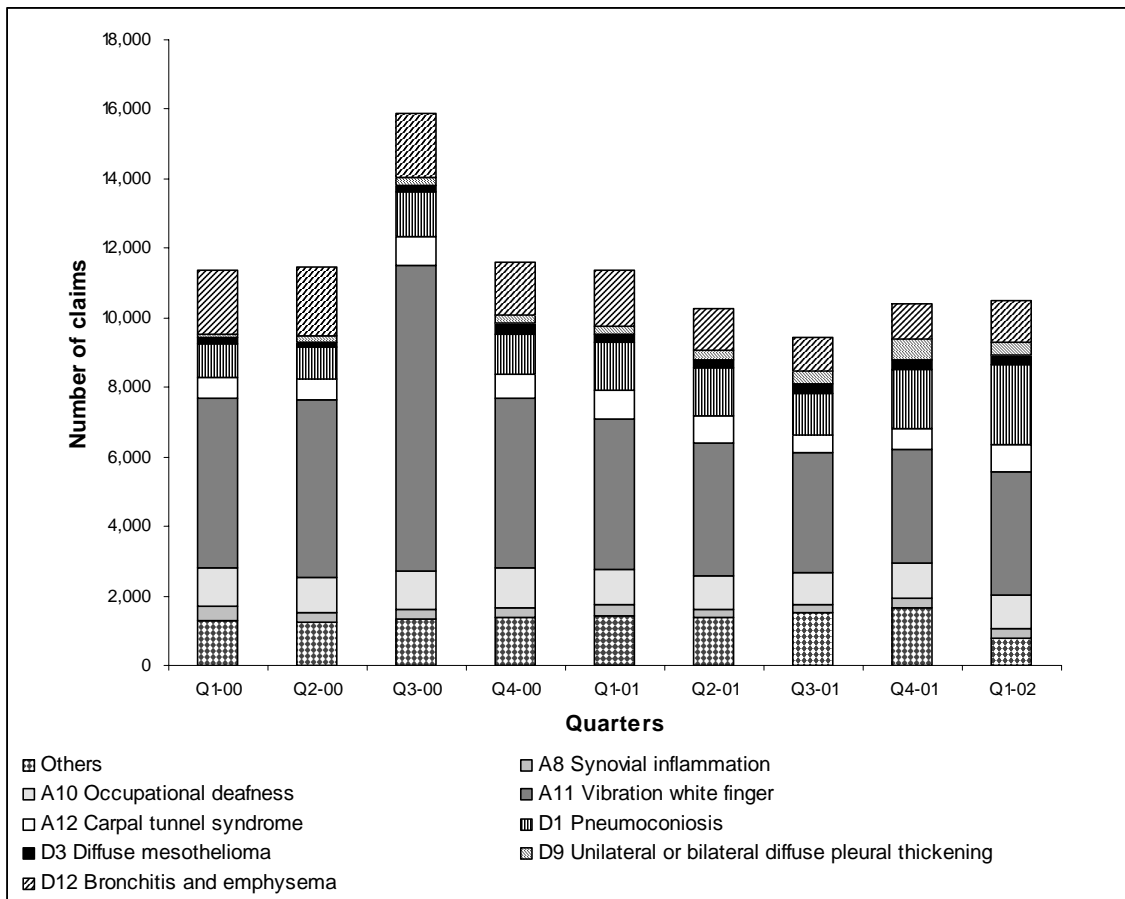


Chart 1.2B: New claims by prescribed disease



**Table 1.2: New claims notified in quarter 1, 2002
by cause, Government Office Region and population**

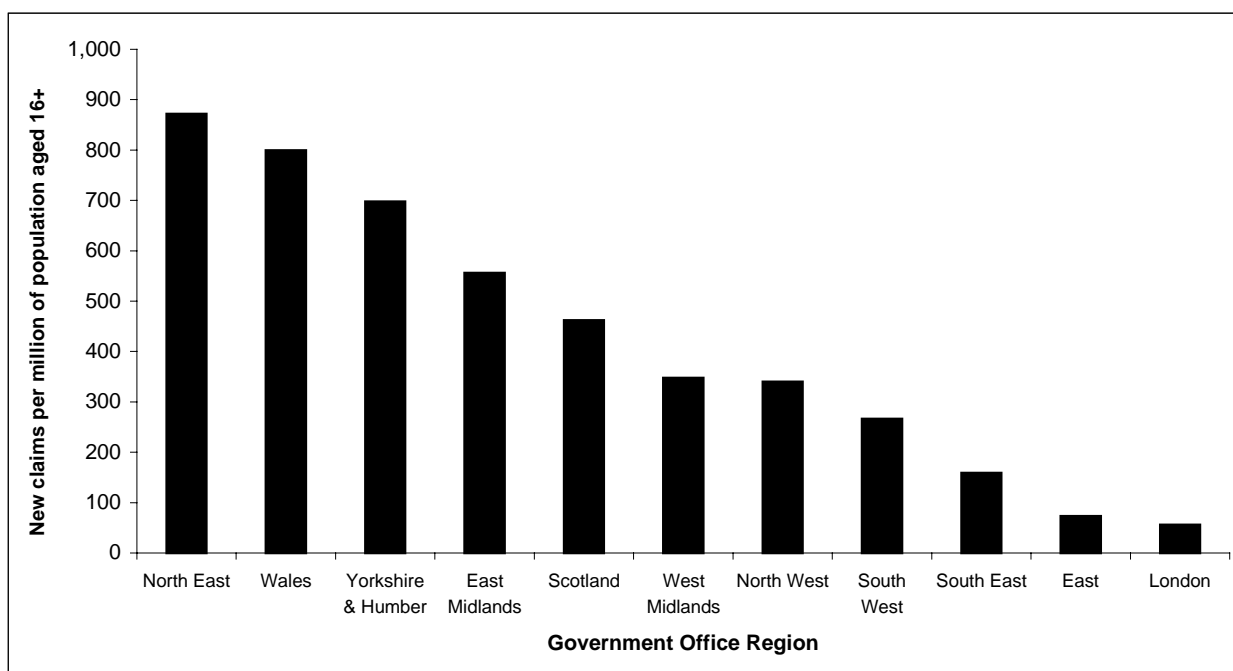
Thousands

	All causes	Accidents	Prescribed diseases	Claims per million of population aged 16+ (all causes)
All Regions	16.4	5.9	10.5	0.4
North East	1.8	0.4	1.4	0.9
North West	1.9	1.0	0.8	0.3
Yorkshire & Humber	2.8	0.7	2.1	0.7
East Midlands	1.9	0.5	1.4	0.6
West Midlands	1.5	0.6	0.9	0.3
East	0.3	0.3	0.1*	0.1
London	0.3	0.3	0.1*	0.1
South East	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.2
South West	1.1	0.5	0.6	0.3
Wales	1.9	0.4	1.5	0.8
Scotland	1.9	0.5	1.4	0.5
Overseas	0.1*	-	0.1*	-

Note: Population based on estimates from ONS for June 2000 and do not include overseas.

Based on 10% sample

Chart 1.2C: New claims per million of population aged 16 and over



**Table 1.3: New claims notified in quarter 1, 2002
by area directorate and cause**

	<i>Thousands</i>		
	Total Claims	Accidents	Prescribed diseases
All areas	16.4	5.9	10.5
Southern, Midlands and Wales total	8.0	3.2	4.7
AD1 - East London and Anglia	0.4	0.3	0.1*
AD2 - Chilterns	0.6	0.5	0.2*
AD3 - London South (Central, South East & South West)	0.9	0.6	0.3
AD4 - West Country	0.9	0.4	0.5
AD5 - Mercia	2.5	0.6	1.9
AD6 - West Midlands	0.8	0.5	0.4
AD7 - Wales	1.9	0.4	1.5
Scotland and Northern England total	8.4	2.7	5.8
AD8 - North West Coast	1.1	0.5	0.6
AD9 - Greater Manchester	0.8	0.5	0.3
AD10 - Yorkshire	2.8	0.7	2.1
AD11 - Tyne Tees	1.8	0.4	1.4
AD12 - West of Scotland	0.9	0.3	0.7
AD13 - East of Scotland	1.0	0.2	0.8
Pensions and Overseas Directorate	0.1*	-	0.1*

Based on 10% sample

**Table 2.1: All prescribed diseases, first diagnosed assessments summary:
March 2000 to March 2002**

Quarters	Assessment				Sex		Aggregated		Age		
	Total	0%	1-13%	14%+	Male	Female	Yes	No	Under 25	25-59	60 and over
Q1-00	2,035	10	1,160	865	1,895	135	205	1,825	-	1,045	985
Q2-00	1,645	-	970	675	1,535	110	210	1,435	5	895	745
Q3-00	1,800	-	1,065	735	1,680	120	255	1,545	5	1,000	795
Q4-00	1,925	-	1,265	660	1,825	105	320	1,610	-	1,055	870
Q1-01	2,025	-	1,205	820	1,895	130	325	1,700	10	1,075	945
Q2-01	1,980	-	1,135	840	1,840	140	320	1,660	15	1,085	880
Q3-01	1,700	-	1,000	700	1,570	130	290	1,405	10	885	800
Q4-01	1,545	-	910	630	1,435	110	240	1,310	5	790	755
Q1-02	1,540	-	890	650	1,445	95	260	1,280	5	745	790

Percentage

Quarters	Assessment				Sex		Aggregated		Age		
	Total	0%	1-13%	14%+	Male	Female	Yes	No	Under 25	25-59	60 and over
Q1-00	100	-	57	43	93	7	10	90	-	51	48
Q2-00	100	-	59	41	93	7	13	87	-	54	45
Q3-00	100	-	59	41	93	7	14	86	-	56	44
Q4-00	100	-	66	34	95	5	17	84	-	55	45
Q1-01	100	-	60	40	94	6	16	84	-	53	47
Q2-01	100	-	57	42	93	7	16	84	-	55	44
Q3-01	100	-	59	41	92	8	17	83	-	52	47
Q4-01	100	-	59	41	93	7	16	85	-	51	49
Q1-02	100	-	58	42	94	6	17	83	-	48	51

Number

Quarters	Prescribed disease									Industry, SIC					
	A8	A10	A11	A12	D1	D3	D9	D12	Others	C	D	F	I	K	Others
Q1-00	100	65	870	115	215	175	80	225	190	1,170	440	195	45	55	120
Q2-00	70	70	740	105	190	135	55	135	140	885	370	190	30	50	120
Q3-00	85	45	785	120	235	185	65	120	160	985	375	205	35	60	140
Q4-00	60	40	950	145	225	160	70	120	155	1,180	340	205	40	45	115
Q1-01	85	70	860	170	285	190	85	115	170	1,100	450	250	30	55	145
Q2-01	85	85	830	150	260	190	70	135	165	1,070	420	245	45	50	150
Q3-01	85	55	680	140	220	195	70	105	150	860	400	235	35	50	120
Q4-01	60	50	615	160	205	175	65	95	115	810	315	215	40	40	130
Q1-02	60	55	555	150	260	155	75	90	135	775	370	190	50	30	125

Percentage

Quarters	Prescribed disease									Industry, SIC					
	A8	A10	A11	A12	D1	D3	D9	D12	Others	C	D	F	I	K	Others
Q1-00	5	3	43	6	11	9	4	11	9	57	22	10	2	3	6
Q2-00	4	4	45	6	12	8	3	8	9	54	22	12	2	3	7
Q3-00	5	3	44	7	13	10	4	7	9	55	21	11	2	3	8
Q4-00	3	2	49	8	12	8	4	6	8	61	18	11	2	2	6
Q1-01	4	3	42	8	14	9	4	6	8	54	22	12	1	3	7
Q2-01	4	4	42	8	13	10	4	7	8	54	21	12	2	3	8
Q3-01	5	3	40	8	13	11	4	6	9	51	24	14	2	3	7
Q4-01	4	3	40	10	13	11	4	6	7	52	20	14	3	3	8
Q1-02	4	4	36	10	17	10	5	6	9	50	24	12	3	2	8

Based on 100% count

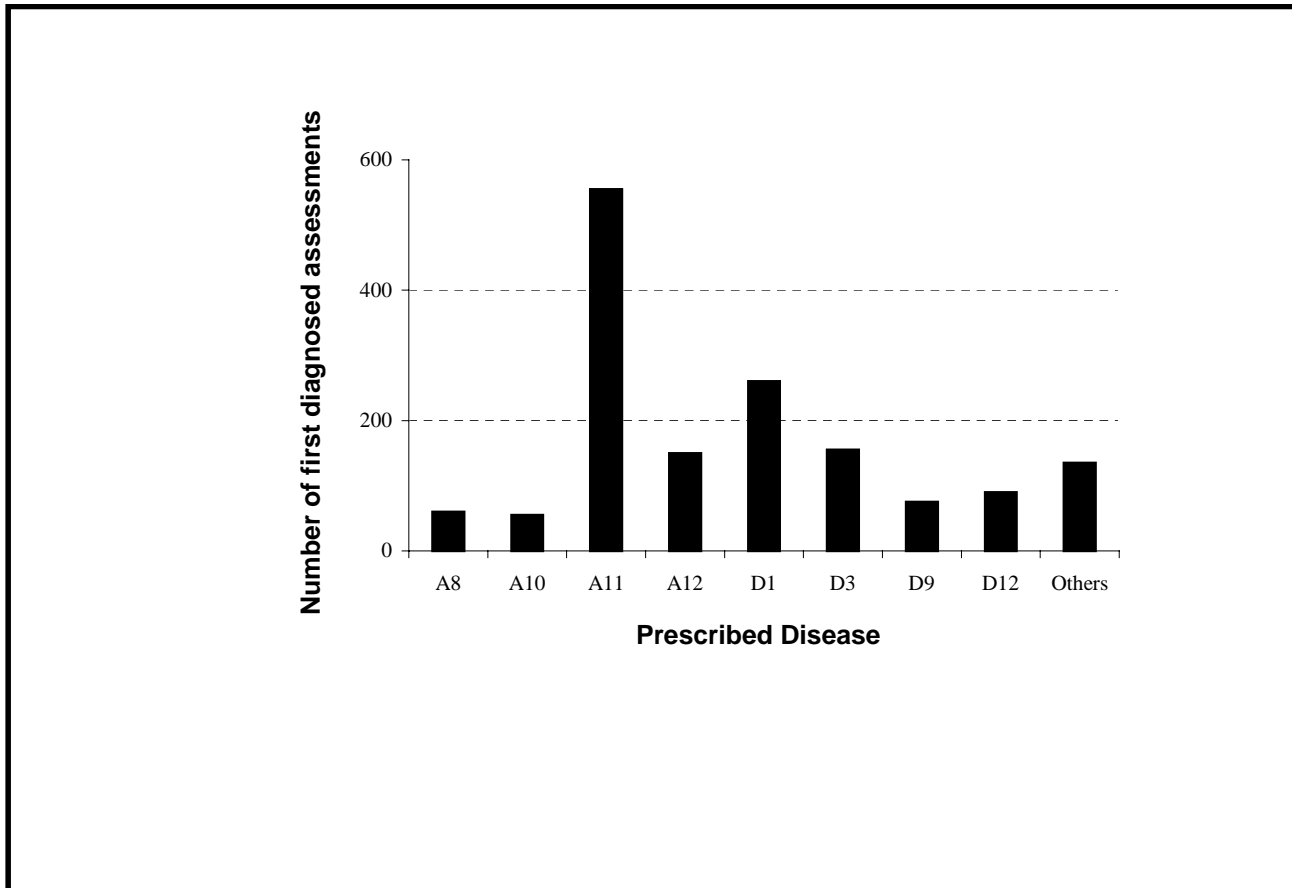
PD Code

A8 Synovial inflammation
A10 Occupational deafness
A11 Vibration white finger
A12 Carpal tunnel syndrome
D1 Pneumoconiosis
D3 Diffuse mesothelioma
D9 Unilateral or bilateral diffuse pleural thickening

SIC Code

C Mining and quarrying
D Manufacturing
F Construction
I Transport, storage and communication
K Real estate, renting and business activities

**Chart 2A: First diagnosed assessments
by disease: quarter 1, 2002**



PD Code

- A8 Synovial inflammation
- A10 Occupational deafness
- A11 Vibration white finger
- A12 Carpal tunnel syndrome
- D1 Pneumoconiosis
- D3 Diffuse mesothelioma
- D9 Unilateral or bilateral diffuse pleural thickening
- D12 Chronic bronchitis and/or emphysema

**Table 2.2: All prescribed diseases, first diagnosed assessments in quarter 1, 2002
by percentage assessment and sex**

	<i>Number</i>								
	<u>All assessments</u>			<u>Non aggregated assessments</u>			<u>Aggregated assessments</u> ¹		
	Males & females	Males	Females	Males & females	Males	Females	Males & females	Males	Females
All assessments	1,540	1,445	95	1,280	1,190	90	260	255	5
0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 - 13%	895	850	40	740	700	40	155	150	-
14 - 19%	150	120	25	135	105	25	15	15	-
20 - 24%	100	90	10	75	65	10	25	25	-
25 - 34%	90	85	0	70	65	-	20	20	-
35 - 44%	70	70	-	50	50	-	20	20	-
45 - 54%	30	30	-	20	20	-	10	10	-
55 - 64%	20	20	-	15	15	-	5	5	-
65 - 74%	15	15	-	10	10	-	5	5	-
75 - 84%	10	5	-	10	5	-	-	-	-
85 - 94%	5	5	-	5	5	-	-	-	-
95 - 100%	160	150	10	160	150	10	-	-	-

1. Percentage before aggregation

Based on 100% count

**Table 2.3: All prescribed diseases, first diagnosed assessments in quarter 1, 2002
by disease number and sex**

		<i>Number</i>		
		Males & females	Males	Females
All prescribed diseases		1,540	1,445	95
A2	Heat cataract	-	-	-
A4	Cramp of the hand or forearm	10	-	10
A6	Beat knee	5	5	-
A7	Beat Elbow	-	-	-
A8	Synovial inflammation	60	20	40
A10	Occupational deafness	55	55	-
A11	Vibration white finger	555	555	5
A12	Carpal tunnel syndrome	150	135	15
B3	Leptospira	-	-	-
B5	Tuberculosis	5	-	-
C3	Phosphorus	-	-	-
C4	Arsenic	-	-	-
C21A	Localised new growth of the skin	-	-	-
C21B	Squamous-celled carcinoma of the skin	-	-	-
C23	Papilloma of the bladder	5	5	-
C30	Chrome dermatitis	5	5	-
D1	Pneumoconiosis	260	260	-
D3	Diffuse mesothelioma	155	150	-
D4	Allergic Rhinitis	20	20	-
D5	Dermatitis	30	20	10
D6	Nasal adeno carcinoma	-	-	-
D7	Occupational asthma	35	30	10
D8	Primary carcinoma of the lung with accompanying evidence of one or both (A) Asbestosis (B) Unilateral or bilateral diffuse pleural thickening	10	10	-
D9	Unilateral or bilateral diffuse pleural thickening	75	75	-
D12	Chronic bronchitis and/or emphysema	90	90	-

Based on 100% count

**Table 2.4: All prescribed diseases, first diagnosed assessments in quarter 1, 2002
by sex and age**

	<i>Number</i>		
	Males & females	Males	Females
All ages	1,540	1,445	95
Under 25	5	-	5
25 - 29	15	5	5
30 - 34	25	20	5
35 - 39	80	70	10
40 - 44	135	120	10
45 - 49	130	120	10
50 - 54	160	145	15
55 - 59	200	185	15
60 - 64	225	220	5
65 - 69	185	185	5
70 - 74	160	155	5
75 and over	220	215	-

Based on 100% count

**Table 2.5: All prescribed diseases, first diagnosed assessments in quarter 1, 2002
by occupation and sex**

		<i>Number</i>	
	Males & females	Males	Females
All occupations	1,540	1,445	95
11 Corporate managers	5	5	-
12 Managers and proprietors in agriculture and services	-	-	-
21 Science and technology professionals	30	30	-
22 Health professionals	-	-	-
23 Teaching and research professionals	5	5	-
24 Business and public service professionals	-	-	-
31 Science and technology associate professionals	15	15	5
32 Health and social welfare associate professionals	5	-	5
33 Protective service occupations	-	-	-
34 Culture, media and sports occupations	-	-	-
35 Business and public service associate professionals	-	-	-
41 Administrative occupations	15	5	10
42 Secretarial and related occupations	10	-	5
51 Skilled agricultural trades	10	10	-
52 Skilled metal and electrical trades	235	230	5
53 Skilled construction and building trades	150	145	-
54 Textiles,printing and other skilled trades	40	25	15
61 Caring personal service occupations	5	-	5
62 Leisure and other personal services occupations	5	-	-
71 Sales occupations	5	5	-
72 Customer service occupations	15	15	-
81 Process, plant and machine operatives	870	850	20
82 Transport and mobile machine drivers and operatives	10	10	-
91 Elementary trades, plant and storage related occupations	80	80	5
92 Elementary administration and service occupations	20	5	15

Based on 100% count

**Table 2.6: All prescribed diseases, first diagnosed assessments in quarter 1, 2002
by occupation and disease**

		<i>Number</i>							
		All diseases	A11	A12	D1	D3	D9	D12	Others
All occupations		1,540	555	150	260	155	75	90	250
11	Corporate managers	5	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
12	Managers and proprietors in agriculture and services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Science and technology professionals	30	5	-	5	10	5	-	-
22	Health professionals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Teaching and research professionals	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
24	Business and public service professionals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	Science and technology associate professionals	15	-	-	5	5	-	-	5
32	Health and social welfare associate professionals	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
33	Protective service occupations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Culture, media and sports occupations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Business and public service associate professionals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
41	Administrative occupations	15	-	-	-	5	-	-	10
42	Secretarial and related occupations	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
51	Skilled agricultural trades	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
52	Skilled metal and electrical trades	235	65	25	30	45	15	-	55
53	Skilled construction and building trades	150	10	10	30	45	25	-	25
54	Textiles,printing and other skilled trades	40	-	5	-	-	-	-	30
61	Caring personal service occupations	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
62	Leisure and other personal services occupations	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
71	Sales occupations	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
72	Customer service occupations	15	-	-	10	-	-	-	5
81	Process, plant and machine operatives	870	445	90	155	15	15	90	60
82	Transport and mobile machine drivers and operatives	10	-	-	5	-	-	-	5
91	Elementary trades, plant and storage related occupations	80	25	5	15	10	10	-	15
92	Elementary administration and service occupations	20	-	10	-	5	-	-	5

Based on 100% count

Sampling and confidence intervals (new claims tables only).

Because the data in the new claims tables are derived from a 10% sample, the numbers which appear in the tables are only **estimates** of the true, unknown values. Although the figures are estimates, we can nevertheless say with confidence that the **true** value, corresponding to any particular number in the tables, probably lies within a certain range. Such a range is called a **confidence interval**. If we want to be very confident, say 95% confident, that the true value lies within a range, then that range will necessarily be wider than if we only need to be, say, 90% confident of the true value.

The figures below give the 95% confidence intervals for the true value in the population, based on the estimated value from the 10% sample.

Estimated value in table [thousands]	95% confidence interval [number]
0	0 - 28
0.1	50 - 180
0.2	126 - 303
0.3	207 - 422
0.4	282 - 518
0.5	369 - 632
0.6	456 - 744
0.7	544 - 856
0.8	634 - 966
0.9	724 - 1,076
1.0	814 - 1,186
2.0	1,737 - 2,263
3.0	2,678 - 3,322
4.0	3,628 - 4,372
5.0	4,584 - 5,416
6.0	5,545 - 6,456
7.0	6,508 - 7,491
8.0	7,474 - 8,526
9.0	8,442 - 9,558
10.0	9,412 - 10,588
15.0	14,280 - 15,720
20.0	19,168 - 20,832

Thus, for example, if a figure of 1.0 (thousand) appears in a table, then, given that this is derived from a 10% sample, we can say that there is a 95% chance that the true value lies between 814 and 1,186.

List of Prescribed Diseases

PD number	Brief description	PD number	Brief description
A1	Radiation sickness		Poisoning by cont..
A2	Heat cataract	C11	Diethylene dioxide
A3	Decompression sickness	C12	Methyl bromide
A4	Cramp of the hand or forearm	C13	Chlorinated naphthalene
A5	Beat hand	C14	Nickel carbonyl
A6	Beat knee	C15	Oxides of nitrogen
A7	Beat elbow	C16	Gonioma kamassi (African Boxwood)
A8	Synovial inflammation	C17	Beryllium or compound of beryllium
A9	Miners nystagmus	C18	Cadmium
A10	Occupational deafness	C19	Acrylamide monomer
A11	Vibration white finger		
A12	Carpal tunnel syndrome	C20	Dystrophy of the cornea of the eye
		C21A	Localised new growth of the skin
B1	Anthrax	C21B	Squamous-celled carcinoma of the skin
B2	Glanders	C22A	Carcinoma of the mucous membranes of the nose or associated air passages
B3	Leptospira	C22B	Primary carcinoma of a bronchus or lung
B4	Ankylostomiasis	C23	Primary neoplasm (Papilloma/carcinoma of the urinary tract)
B5	Tuberculosis	C24A	Angiosarcoma of the liver
B6	Farmers lung	C24B	Osteolysis of the terminal phalanges of the fingers
B7	Brucellosis	C24C	Non cirrhotic portal fibrosis
B8	Viral hepatitis	C25	Occupational vitiligo
B9	Streptococcus suis	C26	Damage to liver or kidneys due to exposure to carbon tetrachloride
B10A	Avian chlamydiosis	C27	Damage to liver or kidneys due to exposure to trichloromethane
B10B	Ovine chlamydiosis	C28	Central nervous system dysfunction and associated gastro intestinal disorders due to exposure to chloromethane
B11	Q Fever	C29	Peripheral neuropathy due to exposure to N-Hexane or methyl N-Butyl ketone
B12	ORF	C30	Chrome Dermatitis
B13	Hydatidosis		
		D1	Pneumoconiosis
	Poisoning by:-	D2	Byssinosis
C1	Lead or compound of lead	D3	Diffuse mesothelioma
C2	Manganese	D4	Allergic Rhinitis
C3	Phosphorus	D5	Dermatitis
C4	Arsenic	D6	Nasal adeno carcinoma
C5	Mercury	D7	Occupational asthma
C6	Carbon bisulphide	D8	Primary carcinoma of the lung with accompanying evidence of one or both (A) Asbestosis (B) Unilateral or bilateral diffuse pleural thickening
C7	Benzene etc	D9	Unilateral or bilateral diffuse pleural thickening
C8	Nitro or amino acid	D10	Primary carcinoma of the lung
C9	Dinitrophenol	D11	Primary carcinoma of the lung with accompanying silicosis
C10	Tetrachloroethane	D12	Chronic bronchitis and/or emphysema